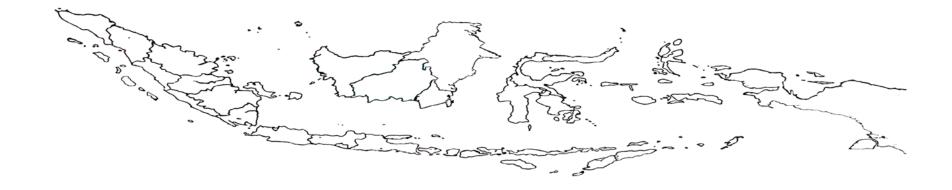




UHC Expansion & Innovative Medicine Position Indonesian Perspective



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5th APAC Convention, Tokyo, Japan – 7 April 2016

QUTLINE





Introduction



UHC Challenges



The Pharmaceutical Industry's Development in Indonesia



Innovative Medicine Position



CONCLUSIONS







INTRODUCTION

STRATEGIC ISSUES IN INDONESIA





- Universal healthcare coverage (JKN)
- Growth of pharmaceutical industry
- Pharmaceutical wholesale and distribution
- Pharmaceutical services
- Business operator's compliances
- Dependency of APIs and New Drug, and its development
- Public empowerment
- Spurious/falsely-labelled/falsified/counterf((SFFC) medicines
- AEC 2015
- Product competitiveness
- Development of New Drug



Global Challenges



67th World Health Assembly Resolutions (2014)

ASEAN Harmonization

APEC: Regulatory Convergence



Increase public access to affordable, safe, and efficacious essential drugs and biologicals with assured quality.

The Mandate For Regulatory Authorities (BPOM)



Current Vision:

Safe Food and Medicine to Improve Public Health and Nation's Competitiveness

Current Mission:

- 1. Protecting public health by strengthening risk-based food and drug control system
- 2. Ensuring the resilience of business operator to provide medicine and food safety assurance, strengthening partnerships with stakeholders
- 3. Improving institutional capacity of Badan POM

GOALS OF BPOM 2015 - 2019



- 1. Ensuring safety, efficacy, and quality of food and drug to increase public health
- 2. Improving food and medicine competitiveness nationally and globally through quality assurance and innovation.

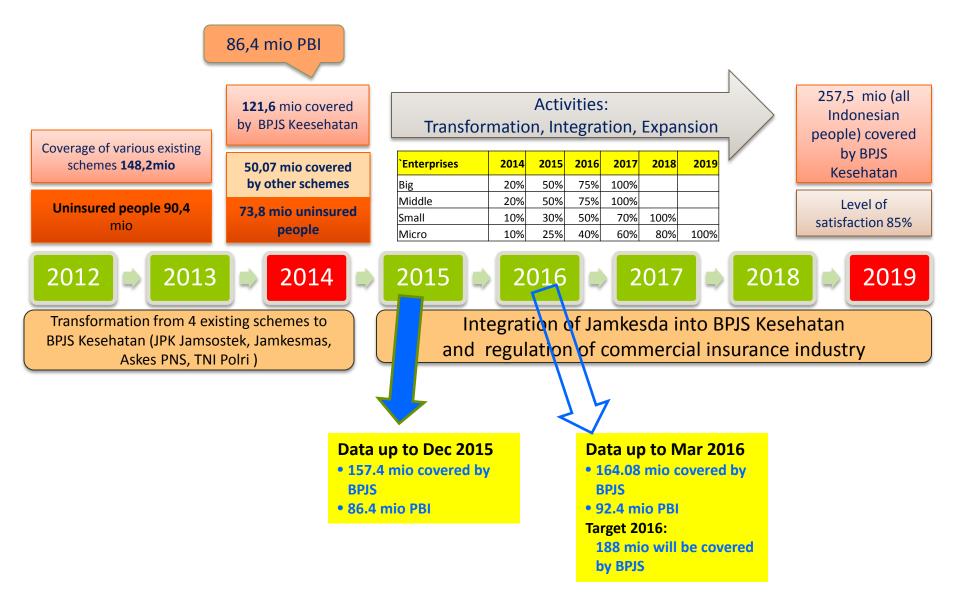






UHC in INDONESIA





Source: Presentation of Minister of Health (Dec 2013) & http://bpjs-kesehatan.go.id

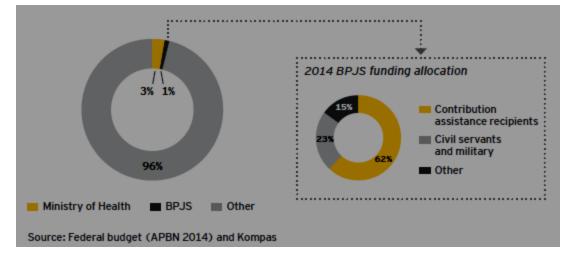
UHC Expenditure in INDONESIA

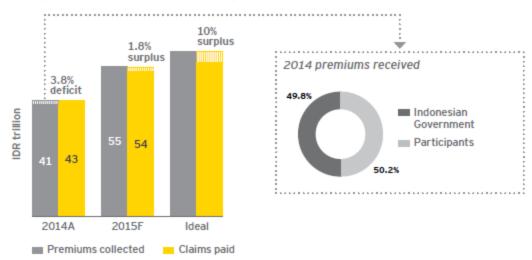


- Allocated budget for Indonesia UHC (BPJS):
 2014: Rp 26 trillion (1.4% of total federal buget).
 - 2015: Rp 20.3 trillion
 (1.02% of total federal budget).*
 - 2016: Rp 34.2 trillion
 (1.35% of the federal budget).**
- One of component in the UHC expenses is medicine.
 Medicines use in Indonesia UHC according to National Formulary.

Sources:

* www.republika.co.id, 25 Ags 2015 **www.kompas.com, 31 Mar 2016

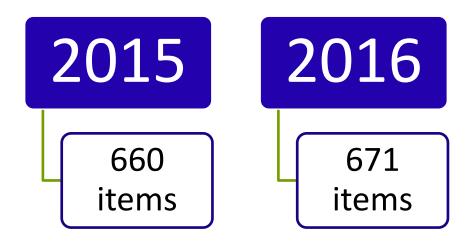




BPJS premiums received and claims paid

Medicines Covered by BPJS in 2015 - 2016



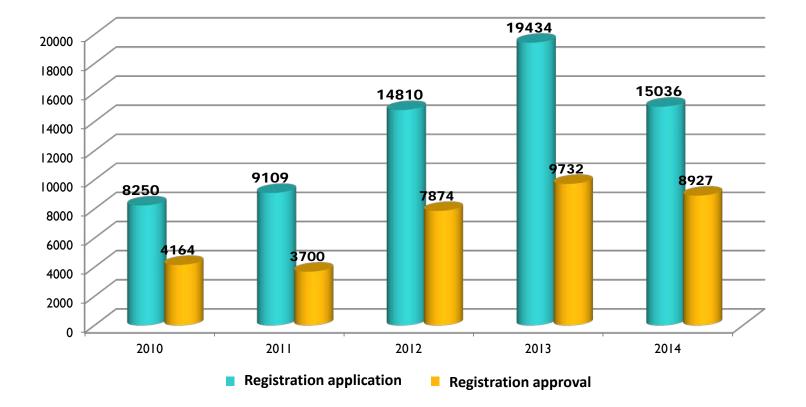


Medicines use for UHC preferably locally manufactured medicines, however, not all items of medicine can be manufactured locally in Indonesia.



Drug Registration Profiles





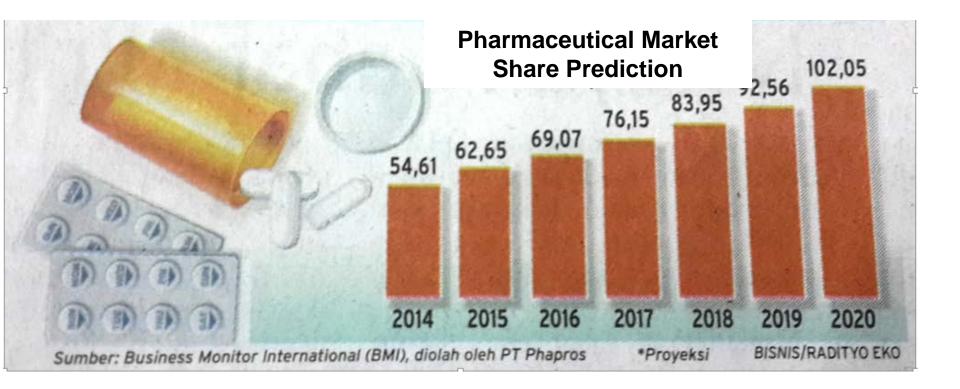




The Pharmaceutical Industry's Development in Indonesia

Indonesia Pharma Market Forecast





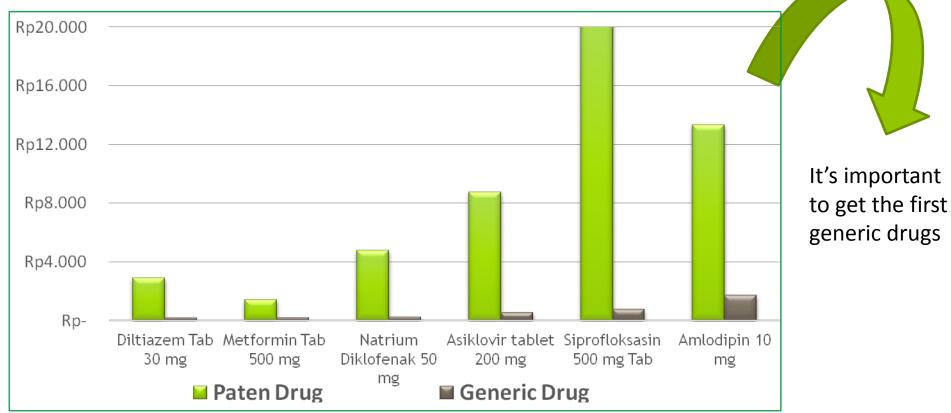
Indonesia pharma market grows up until 2020

Source: Business Monitor International (BMI), in Bisnis Indonesia, 5 September 2014



PRICE COMPARISON OF PATENT & GENERIC DRUG

The price of patent drugs ranges between 8 - 27 times of generic drug, example (*):



(*) It's chosen from drugs which is widely circulated and used in the long term.

Source: quarterly reports of pharmaceutical industry (2015)

Biotech Product Market Overview



Market share 2011

Market overview - Indonesia

PREDIKSI KONSUMSI OBAT UNTUK UNIVERSAL COVERAGE

4,82

201,18

2012

Tahun

5,88

254,3

2014

300

250

200

150

100

60

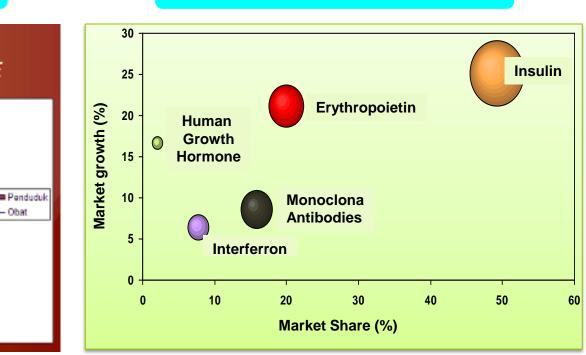
n

2,05

93,4

2010

Penduduk (juta)



Intertribal Monitoring Association on Indian Trust Funds (ITMA), 2011

Biotech market in Indonesia is still relatively small but keeps growing

Obat (Triliun)

Sebutuhan

Obat

5

3

2

- Erythropoietin (EPO) for Renal therapy and Growth Colony Stimulating Factor (GCSF) are listed in • **AŠKEŠ DPHO**
- With universal healthcare coverage implementation in 2014, pharma market is estimated to grow at least 3 times fold
 - Generic Low price
 - Local content preference

Trend pharmaceutical industries in Indonesia tends to increase





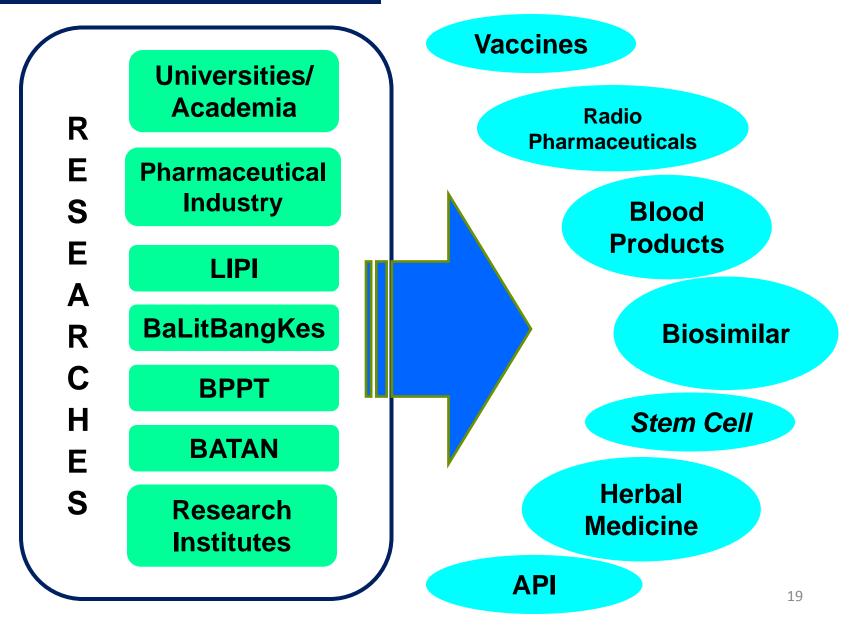
*: Data in 2016 until March 2016 Source: Badan POM 2016





Current Drug Researches & Developments in Indonesia









BPOM Encourages New Drug Development

- Badan POM facilitates communication between drug developer (Research Lab / sponsor) for regulatory assistance to avoid inappropriate step during drug development.
- Indonesia accepts foreign clinical trial but foreign CT study may not sufficient to support the registration. Regulatory assistance is needed to disseminate the requirements for registration.

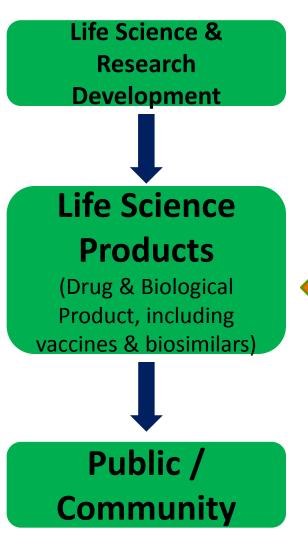
Regulatory Involvement since Drug Development to Marketing Authorization



Badan POM Roles in Product Life Science Development



Badan POM





Regulatory involvement through out the product development stages to meet the regulatory requirements (Mechanism of IND-*like system*)



Provide guidance to support new drug development and evaluation for marketing authorization. (e.g.: IND, Biosimilars and vaccines)



Regulatory advocacy and dissemination of regulation for drug evaluation



Examples of Life Science Products through IND Mechanism

In Development Process

- 5 Vaccines
- 2 Biosimilars

In Evaluation Process

- 1 vaccine
- 1 Biosimilars

Marketing Authorization

• 2 Vaccines



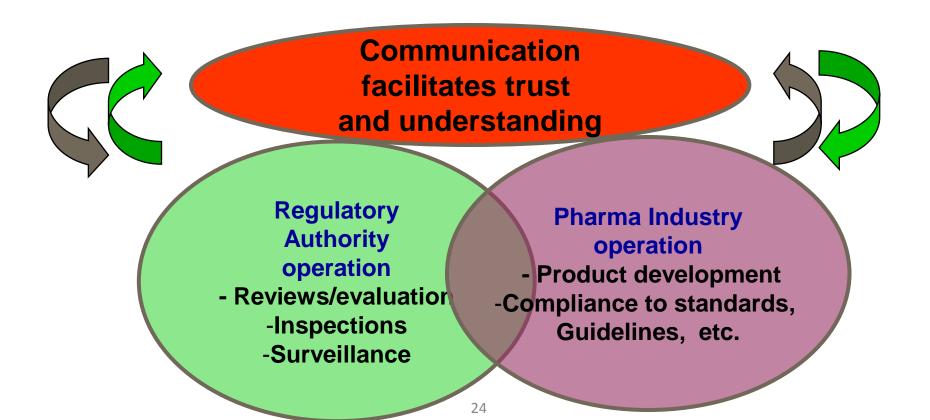


Keyword for Good Relationship Between RA and Pharma Industry in the Life Sciences Sector



MUTUAL TRUST AND UNDERSRTANDING

Through Quality risk management









CONCLUSION (1)



- Indonesia is a potential pharmaceutical industry hub for ASEAN and global market.
- The Indonesia Universal Health Coverage (UHC) provides opportunities for investors to develop the health care sector.
- Indonesia government support the Pharmaceutical Industry's Development and investment in Indonesia in order to improve National Public Health.

CONCLUSION (2)



- Badan POM encourages New Drug Development and committed to facilitate the new drug development through IND-like system.
- Good climate for innovation could be achieved by implementation of Good Regulatory Practices.
- Badan POM welcomes the synergistic cooperation with academia, business operator and society for the pharmaceutical development.









